



Sino-American Silicon Products Inc.

Articles of Incorporation

Chapter I. General Provisions

Article 1

This Company is duly incorporated under the provisions set forth in the Company Law, and its full name in Chinese language is 中美矽晶製品股份有限公司, and Sino-American Silicon Products Inc. in English language.

Article 2

The Company shall engage in the following business:

CC01080 Electronic Parts and Components Manufacturing

C801990 Other Chemical Materials Manufacturing

IG03010 Energy-related Technology and Service

F119010 Electronic Materials Wholesale (restricted to areas outside Hsinchu Science Park)

F219010 Electronic Materials Retail (restricted to areas outside Hsinchu Science Park)

F401010 International Trade

Research and development, design, manufacture and sell the following products:

1. Silicon-based semiconductor materials and their components
2. Varistor
3. Photovoltaic and communication materials
4. Silicone Compound
5. The technology, management and advisory business related to the products listed above
6. Photovoltaic system integration and installation services
7. Import-export activities related to the above mentioned business

Article 3

The Company may make reinvestment.

When the Company reinvests in another Company, the total amount of the Company's reinvestment can be more than forty percent of the Company's paid-up capital.



Article 4

The Company is headquartered in Hsinchu SBIP and may have branches or offices set elsewhere domestically and abroad as resolved by the Board of Directors and competent authorities of the government.

Article 5

Public announcements of the Company shall be duly made in accordance with the Company Law.

Article5-1

The Procedures are the guidelines for the Company to provide endorsement and/or guarantee to outside parties who has business relationship with the Company.

Chapter II. Capital Stock

Article 6

The total capital stock of the Company shall be in the amount of NTD10,000,000,000, divided into 1,000,000,000 shares, at NTD10 par value, and may be issued separately. The Board of Directors is entitled to make resolutions to decide whether or not the unissued shares to be issued.

Among the total capital stock indicated in the first paragraph, the amount of shares 20,000,000 should be reserved for issuing options for stock, preferred stock, or corporate bond.

The quota of aforesaid options for stock, preferred stock, or corporate bond shall be adjusted by the Board of Directors' resolutions contingent on the capital market's condition and managerial demand.

Qualification requirements of employees, including the employees of parents or subsidiaries of the company meeting certain specific requirements, entitled to receive treasury shares in accordance with the Company Act.

Qualification requirements of employees, including the employees of parents or subsidiaries of the company meeting certain specific requirements, entitled to receive share subscription warrant.

Qualification requirements of employees, including the employees of parents or subsidiaries of the company meeting certain specific requirements, entitled to purchase new shares issued by the company.

Qualification requirements of employees, including the employees of parents or subsidiaries of the company meeting certain specific requirements, entitled to receive restricted stock issued by the company.

Article 7



The Company may not print share certificates. Registers of share certificates shall contact the share certificates' depository and clearing organizations, which the process shall follow their policies and regulations.

Article 8

All the Company's stock-related affairs shall be dealt in accordance with the Regulations Governing the Administration of Shareholder Services of Public Companies and other relevant regulations.

Article 9

Share transfer registration shall be suspended 60 days preceding each regular shareholders' meeting, or 30 days preceding an extraordinary shareholders' meeting, or 5 days preceding the base day for distribution to shareholders of dividends, bonuses, or other privileges as determined by this Company.

Chapter III. Shareholders' Meeting

Article 10

The shareholders' meeting shall be convened in two forms: a regular meeting or extraordinary meeting. The regular meeting shall be held once annually and convened by the Board of Directors within six months from the closing of each fiscal year in accordance with the Company Law or relevant regulations. An extraordinary meeting, if necessary, shall be convened in accordance with the Company Law or relevant regulations.

Unless otherwise provided in the Company Law, the shareholders' meeting shall be convened by the Board of Directors.

The notices for shareholders' meeting shall be served to all shareholders in written or electrical forms 30 days in advance in case of a regular meeting of shareholders or 15 days in advance in case of a extraordinary meeting of shareholders. The written or electrical notice shall bear date, location and subjects of the meeting.

The shareholders may execute their voting right through written or electrical form, which shall be in accordance with the relevant regulations.

Article 11

A shareholder who is unavailable to attend a shareholders' meeting may duly issue a power of attorney expressly bearing the scope of the authorized power to appoint a proxy to attend the meeting on behalf. The powers of attorney shall be duly handled in accordance with "Regulations Governing Powers of Attorney Used for Attending the Shareholders' Meeting of Public Offering Companies" in addition to the requirements set forth in Article 177 of the Company Law.



Article 12

Unless otherwise provided for in the Company Law, resolutions in the shareholders' meeting shall be adopted by a majority vote in the meeting attended by shareholders representing a majority of the total issued shares.

Article 13

Unless otherwise provided in par. 3 of Article 157 of the Company Law, shareholders shall have one vote for each share they hold, but the Company has no voting power for shares held by itself in accordance with Art. 179 of the Company Law.

Article 14

When the shareholders' meeting is convened by the Board of Directors, the meeting shall be chaired by the Chairman. In case of the Chairman's absence or unavailability, his proxy shall be the Vice Chairman.

If the Vice Chairman's position is in vacancy, or the Vice Chairman is also absent, the Chairman shall, in advance, appoint a director to act in his place, but if the Chairman does not appoint his representative, one director shall be elected from among them to act in Chairman's place. In the event that the shareholders' meeting is convened by others instead of the Board of Directors, the shareholders' meeting shall be chaired by that convener. In case of two or more conveners, one of them shall be elected to chair the meeting.

Article 15

Minutes of shareholders' meeting shall be proceeded subject to Article 183 of the Company Act.

Chapter IV. Directors and the Audit Committee

Article 16

1. The Company shall have 7 to 13 directors to be elected at the shareholders' meeting by adopting the candidate nomination system specified in Article 192-1 of the ROC Company Law. All directors shall serve for a term of three years and shall be eligible for re-election. The total shares held by all directors and supervisors shall be in compliance with the relevant regulations provided by the securities authority.
2. The aforesaid directors must have at least three independent directors. The professional qualification, shareholding, part-time job limitation, nomination and election method and other requirements for independent directors shall be handled in compliance with the relevant regulations provided by the securities authority.

Article 16-1



The Company shall establish an audit committee according to Article 14-4 of Securities and Exchange Act. The audit committee shall be composed of the entire number of independent directors.

The composition of the audit committee, duties, rules and other related affairs shall be conducted in accordance with regulations issued by the securities institutions.

Article 17

More than two-thirds majority of Directors shall attend the meeting for the Board of Directors, and Chairman and Vice Chairman shall be elected among directors by a majority vote of the attending directors. Chairman shall represent the Company.

Article 18

In the case that vacancies on the Board of Directors reach or exceed one third of the total number of the directors, the Board of Directors shall convene an extra shareholders' meeting to fill such vacancies within 60 days. The new directors or supervisors shall serve only the remaining term of the predecessors.

Article 19

Each director shall be informed via written notice or email or fax of the convention at seven days before the Board of Director's meeting. A meeting of the Board of Directors may be held anytime if necessary, and the methods of informing each director shall be via written notice or email or fax.

Unless otherwise provided for in the Company Law, resolutions in the Board of Directors meeting shall be adopted by a majority vote in the meeting attended by a majority of Directors.

Any director who is unable to attend a Board of Directors' meeting shall appoint another director as his/her proxy by a power of attorney listing the scope of empowerment. A director may serve as proxy for only one absent director.

Article 20

If the Chairman takes leave or is unavailable to perform his duties, the proxy method shall be in accordance with the Company Law.

Article 21

Remunerations of all directors shall be determined by the Board of Directors based on the level of their participation in business operation and the value of their contribution, and taking into account the common remuneration level in the same industry.

If the directors hold other positions at the Company, their remunerations for those positions shall be paid monthly in accordance with the common remuneration level of general managers.

Article 22



The Company may buy the liability insurance for all directors to the extent of the compensation responsibility assumed in business execution.

Chapter V. Management of the Corporation

Article 23

The Company shall have several managers whose appointment, discharge and remuneration shall be in accordance with the Company Law.

Article 24

The Company shall employ accountants and lawyers through the Board of Directors as consultants if need be. The remuneration for those consultants will be determined by the Board of Directors.

Chapter VI. Accountings

Article 25

The Company's fiscal year starts from January 1 and ends on December 31 of every calendar year.

Article 26

The Company's earning distribution or coverage would be concluded once every half of the fiscal year.

Article 26-1

The company shall submit the business report and financial statements to the Audit Committee for verification before the end of the second half of the fiscal year when the company has proposal of earning distribution or coverage. After the verification, the Board of Directors will discuss and make the decision.

As for the proposal of earning distribution, the decision shall be discussed and made by the Board of Directors when the distribution will be given in cash; the decision shall be discussed and made by the shareholders when the distribution will be given with new stock.

Article 26-2

Upon the closing of each fiscal year, the Board of Directors shall work out the following documents and present it at a regular meeting of shareholders for acknowledgement.

- i. Business report



- ii. Financial statements
- iii. Proposal of earning distribution or loss coverage.

Article 27

If the Company has surplus after the yearly accounting closed, 3~15% of the profit shall be appropriated for the employees' remuneration distributed with stocks or cash decided by the board of directors. Employees entitled to bonus may include parents' or subsidiaries' employees that meet certain criteria. The Company may appropriate 3% at the most of the above profit quota decided by the board of directors for directors' remuneration. Distribution for employees and directors shall be reported to the shareholders' meeting. An offset, however, to the accumulated loss shall be reserved before making distribution to employees and directors.

Article 27-1

If the Company has surplus after the yearly accounting closed, following taxes and offsets to the accumulated loss, another 10% shall be appropriated as legal reserve by laws. While no appropriation shall be made, if the legal reserve has reached the amount of the paid-in capital of the Company. The remaining amount shall be appropriated or transferred to special reserve according to laws and the rest along with the accumulated surplus may be proposed by the board of directors.

The Company, in accordance with No.240-5 of the Articles of Incorporation, may authorize the distributable dividends and bonuses in whole or in part to be paid in cash after a resolution has been adopted by a majority vote at a meeting of the board of directors attended by two-thirds of the total number of directors; and in addition thereto a report of such distribution shall be submitted to the shareholders' meeting.

In order to maintain continuous operating of the Company and steady growth of its surplus per share, dividend for shareholders shall more than 50% of the profit after tax deducting from the appropriation of special surplus of the year by the regulations and the distribution rate of the dividend for shareholders shall be no less than 50% of the cash dividend.

Article 27-2

The Company, in accordance with No.241 of the Articles of Incorporation, may authorize the distributable legal surplus reserve and capital reserve in whole or in part to be paid in new stock issuance or in cash according to the proportion of the shareholding of shareholders. Distribution in cash shall be determined after a resolution adopted by a majority vote at a meeting of the board of directors attended by two-thirds of the total number of directors; and in addition thereto a report of such distribution shall be submitted to the shareholders' meeting. Distribution in new share issuance shall be determined after a resolution at the shareholders' meeting.

Chapter VII. Supplementary Provisions



Article 28

Relevant matters not provided for in these Articles shall be handled in accordance with the provisions of the Company Law.

Article 29

This articles of Incorporation is established on Dec 25th, 1980

The 1st amendment on May 21st, 1984

The 2nd amendment on July 20th, 1984

The 3rd amendment on June 26th, 1987

The 4th amendment on Nov 16th, 1987

The 5th amendment on Aug 4th, 1989

The 6th amendment on May 29th, 1990

The 7th amendment on June 14th, 1991

The 8th amendment on June 23rd, 1993

The 9th amendment on May 30th, 1995

The 10th amendment on Nov 3rd, 1997

The 11th amendment on June 12th, 1998

The 12th amendment on June 16th, 1999

The 13th amendment on Sep 7th, 1999

The 14th amendment on May 23rd, 2000

The 15th amendment on May 21st, 2001

The 16th amendment on June 21st, 2002

The 17th amendment on June 13th, 2003

The 18th amendment on June 24th, 2004

The 19th amendment on June 3rd, 2005

The 20th amendment on June 8th, 2006

The 21st amendment on June 21st, 2007

The 22nd amendment on June 19th, 2008

The 23rd amendment on June 3rd, 2009

The 24th amendment on June 15th, 2010

The 25th amendment on June 17th, 2011

The 26th amendment on June 27th, 2012

The 27th amendment on June 25th, 2013

The 28th amendment on June 26th, 2014



The 29th amendment on June 28th, 2016

The 30th amendment on June 27th, 2017

The 31th amendment on June 27th, 2019

The 32nd amendment on June 24th, 2020.

Implement after approvals from the meeting of stockholders